PRINCE OF WALES WARMLY WELCOMED





Telorid

PRICE TWO CENTS.

YORK, TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 18, 1919.

EMBARGO PLANNED ON ALL FREIGHT; TRAFFIC FACES CUT OF 40 PER CEI

ROUSING WELCOME TO PRINCE AT CITY HALL; **GRATEFUL TO NEW YORK FOR ITS HOSPITALITY**

lighted at Being Made a Freeman of the City.

OVATION ON BROADWAY

Places Wreath on Gen. Grant's Tomb Before Luncheon on the Renown.

about a hundred words in answer to in the Aldermanic Chamber at City Hall at noon to-day a coldly formal became an uproariously noisy gathering of friends to a boy they just alhearted, appreciative, friendly self.

others of the British Commission, nor Viviani of any of the other distinguished foreigners who have been the centre of City Hall greetings in the war months, had a warmer welcome than did the 'youth who had just Mayor Hylan.

The Prince was clearly rather emparrassed as he listened to the speech of Rodman Wanamaker, Chairman of the Mayor's Committee and the Mayor. When he began to speak there was a little shakiness in his clear, sharply clipped sentences. But 3 once his persoality began to work and he saw friendly smiles, there came a ring and a warmth into his tones which carried away all formality and all besitancy on both sides of the THANKFUL FOR FREEDOM OF

. CITY.

The Prince spoke as follows: "Mr. Mayor, I am very proud indeed to have been made a freeman of the City of New York and thank you most sincerely for the high honor which you have just conferred upon me. I look upon it as a very happy coincidence that the last recipient of this honor should have been Albert, King of the Belgians, our gallant ally, to whose wisdom and courage in the freedom owes so much.

"I already have the privilege of don, and so it is a special privilege and pleasure for me fo-day to be come a freeman of the City of New fork, because London and New York, both great business centres, both of them great seaports, are so closely connected in the financial business of the world. Upon the stability and upon the prosperity of these two great cities depends to an extraordinary degree the welfare of all continents. Were their intercom- Feeling in Paris Is That France, munication to cease for a single business day the affairs of the whole

world would be upset. "But there is yet another reason, Mr. Mayor, why I am very proud to become a New Yorker by adoption. This magnificent city is not only the gateway of the vast sea-borne traffic which holds in fee the whole of the the Peace Treaty of Versailles will be wealth and the energy of w mighty put into force, according to the nation at its back. One has only to prevalent view here following re-

(Continued on Third Page.)

Heir to British Throne De- First Salute by Prince of Wales After Setting Foot on Manhattan



PEACE TREATY

Italy and Britain Will Not Negotiate Again.

Wilson might withdraw the treaty from the United States Senate.

Whatever happens, the feeling in

Italy and Great Britain have a like

LONDON. Nov. 18 .- Commenting on reservations to the Versailles withdraw the pact, the Chronicle, which is supposed some times to re- the Senate has not yet acted. They flect the view of Premier Llayd George, says: "Unless the league is to fall altogether, other nations must go ahead for some years without America's participation, and we hope Answering a question with referthey will promptly decide to do so." ence to the attitude of the United Helene, 112 (Pierce), \$1.79, \$3.10 States toward the Turkish mandate, andrew Bonar Law, the Government Martha Luckett, Rollicking Airs. ence to the attitude of the United Heli leader, said in the House of Commons to-day that while it was the PARIS, Nov. 18.—Regardless of the hope of the British Government that half furlongs.—Siren Maid, 111 (Butter States should co-operate in the task, both Great Britain and the Peace Treaty of Versailles will be put into force, according to the possibility of a contrary contingency.

leader, said in the House of Commons erick Lass, Betsinds, also ran.

SECOND RACE—The Bowle Hopeful; two-year-olds; purse \$1,000; six and a half furlongs.—Siren Maid, 111 (Butter) \$1,200; well), \$1,200; \$4,40, \$1,230; wend should be possibility of a contrary contingency.

Franc Tircur and Bright Gold also ran. to the necessity of preparing for the possibility of a contrary contingency.

think of the immense railway systems ceipt of the report that President BARS MINERS AS CITIZENS.

Violation of Law."
HILLSBORO, Dl., Nov. 18.—Judge French circles is that France cannot Jett in Superior Court here to-day denied naturalization to twenty foreignmeet the German plenipotentiaries ers, all coal miners, because they "were

LODGE IN EFFORT TO AGREE ON PACT

Mild Reservation Republicans Federal Agents and Bomb Pave Way for Compromise and Vote on Thursday.

SO NOTIFY DEMOCRATS. Reservation Adopted To-day

Gives Congress Power Over Entrance in Labor Conference.

been voted down by the Democrats. Republican Leader Lodge, who had op-

same time Democratic leaders were informed that any further compromiso negotiations must be conducted with Mr. Lodge. Hitchcock and Mr Lodge agreed not to convene the Senate until noon to-morrow, so the Democrats could

meet and draft their plan of action beforehand. During the day the ratification resolution was expected to be put into form for a vote on the fol-Some Senators hoped the comproand that the Democrats would sup-

port the committee reservations if certain modifications were made. It was said the principal change discussed was in the preamble requiring other nations to accept the Senate qualifications. The mild group seemed disposed to

throw the balance of power for such a change and there were indications that if it were made the Democrats would be much more favorable to the committee programme.

The mild reservation group reached treaty by the United States Senate unother decision, which was regarded and President Wilson's threat to as virtually scaling the fate of the many proposed reservations on which

(Continued on Second Page.)

BOWIE RESULTS.

FIRST RACE. — Selling: two-year ids: purse \$1,000; five and one alf furlongs.—Penelope, 107 (Me

Franc Tireur and Bright Gold also ran. THRD RACE—Claiming: three-year-olds and upward: purse \$1,000: one and one-stateenth miles.—War Plums, 99 (Weiner), \$10.80, \$4.80, \$1.60, won; Le italafre, 99 (Pierce), \$1.40, \$2.80, secand; Umbala, 102 (Obert), \$7.20, third. Time, 1.51 4-5. Manuchen, Galley Head, Fairy Prince, Indiscreet, Charlestonian, Babette, Wilfreda, Baby Slater, Porin, Huda's Brother, Challenge and Rio also ran.

(Reging Entries on Page 2)

LARKIN AND GITLOW FOR PROSECUTION **ANARCHY CHARGES**

Squad Police Testify Regarding Two Alleged Reds.

MAY DEPORT MARTENS.

Berger Says Inquiry Into "Soviet Envoy's" Work Has Only Scratched Surface.

can Leader Lodge and Administration originally impaneled, the investigation

presented evidence in the cases of Benjamin Gitlow, former Socialist as- the representatives of both sides, dissemblyman, both of whom are in the Tombs in default of the \$15,000 ball which was fixed for each by Chief Magistrate McAdoo. The men are ing to show that ill-feeling, recrimicharged with criminal anarchy.

then the Grand Jury adjourned until the mines. Employees are charging a second vote on ratification after the to-morrow, Among the witnesses were that the operators are profiteering and members of the police bomb squad. Before and after the exami-This decision was communicated to nation of these witneses there were conferences between Mr. Rorke and take them back. posed any reconsideration. At the Deputy State Attorney General Ber-

a "scratching of the surface."

The attempt to get rid of Martens. the Lusk Committee. He has turned over to the authorities all his papers. ncluding "diplomatic" correspondence, and a close inspection will be Bolshevists in this country.

ernment is carrying on "as a means that the operators are endeavoring of defense," a propaganda for the to penalize the union men generally. overturning of the Governments of the world.

It was shown that Martens himself, who professes now to be entime friend of Nikolal Lenine and Leon Trotzky, he came to America in 1916, entering himself as a German subject, and falled, as he admitted, to register during the war an action. as an alien enemy.

By the simple process of making ap- cent' message to Oklahoma operplication to the Bolshevist Govern- ators made it clear he would not ment, he became, he says, a Russian hesitate to undertake such prosecucitizen. This led Deputy Attorney tion if the facts justified it, and it radium valued at \$12,000 became un-General Berger to the immediate ques- can be said that the department is fastened in a bathtub at St. Mary's tion as to how many other Bolshetion as to how many other Bolshe-vist sympathizers there are in this any good case it finds against the month of a patient. The low country, who, while enjoying the protection of American institutions, have operators, particularly because of tected by insurance. declared themselves citizens of Soviet the charges of bad faith that are be-Russia and have been so accepted in ing levelled against the Federal Gov-Petrograd. Martens insisted there ernment for its alleged partiality in Petrograd. was "nobody."

Martens defined a capitalist as a

man who is living on producing labor his own, and said that a horse-per who had two men working in his shop would probably be so classed.

Seeks Evidence to Prove Charge That Coal Output Is Being Curtailed.

UNION MEN AROUSED.

Assert That Non-Union Men Are Being Rewarded While Strikers Are Penalized.

By David Lawrence. (Special Correspondent of The Eve-ning World.) WASHINGTON, D. C.,

(Copyright, 1919).-Large move slowly, to which rule the conquieting reports have come from they are attempting to penalize men who went out on strike by refusing to

Two departments of the Govern- the National Woman's Christian Tem- directors an order may be issued imment-Labor and Justice-are busily perance Union against tobacce will be mediately which will mean: Mr. Berger, in commenting on the at work investigating the sources of one of education, not legislation, dele-investigation of L. C. A. K. Martens, discontent. One case—Alabama—il-Soviet Ambassador," said that what lustrates the perplexities of the situhad been done thus far was merely ation. From the complaints made by action of the convention yesterday in both sides, the impression that the voting down a resolution advocating an The Federal authorities will be Department of Justice seems to have not mean the union has relaxed in any asked to take steps to deport Martens is that the mine operators rewarded way its fight against alcotine. after the investigators are through the non-union men who, stayed at their posts when the strike came by The attempt to get rid of Martens.

who is described by Archibald E. giving them promotion. The union Gordon of Evanston, Ill. President of Stevenson, counsel to the Lusk Com- men on returning to work after the the organization. mise might be effected before a vote mittee, as "a continued source of strike order was rescinded were told danger to our institutions," will be that they could have work, but evibased on his own admissions before dently have not been given the preferred jobs which they once held.

But at the Department of Labor the inclination is to believe that too nade of them for the names of other many men are out of work in Alahama to substantiate the premise Martens, among other things, ad- given in the foregoing paragraph, mitted that the Russian Soviet Gov- and there is a tendency to suspect

The investigations being conducted by the Departments of Justice and Labor are by no means comgaged purely in commercial work, plete, but there is nothing as yet on had been, prior to coming to this which it bases a prediction that rated and fresh milk, coffee and prunes, country, a revolutionary propagand- prosecutions will be instituted 3 per cent.; perk chops, butter, corn- Maher, Pocahontas. ist since 1896, when he was first im- against the operators for curtailing meal, rolled onts, navy beans and KANSAS TAKES OVER OPERAprisoned in Russia for working for production under the Lever Act, the overthrow of the Czar. An old- though it would not be surprising to see that statute invoked again, this rine and tea showed an increase of less time against the operators, if enough than five tenths of 1 per cent. evidence is gathered to warrant such

Attorney General Palmer in a re-

(Continued on Second Page.)

TABE BELL-ANS BEFORE MEALS

HITCHCOCK MEETS GRAND JURY HEARS PALMER PREPARES MOVE BY U.S. TO SAVE COAL THREATENS MANY INDUSTRIES

Hines Meets Regional Directors to Act on Proposed Embargo That Would Throw 15,000,000 Men Out of Work-Miners Still Idle.

CHICAGO, Nov. 18 .- Director General of Railroads Hines and seven regional directors will meet here late to-day to consider a Nationwide freight embargo as a means of conserving the country's meager

The conditions growing out of the emergency, due to the continued idleness of approximately 400,000 bituminous coal miners, despite the James Larkin, the Irish agitator, and tions are proceeding here between Calling off of the strike, were informally discussed this morning by the regional directors, who planned to have a definite programme ready to submit to the Director General on his arrival from Washingtov.

Continue Teaching Children Nicotine Is Harmful.

tion aserted to-day.

It was emphasized, hoiwever, that the

DESPITE U. S. CRUSADE going. Radical action must be kept

Many Articles Higher in August Than Previously-Beef Shows Declines,

WASHINGTON, Nov. 18 .- Prices of sistant director of the area. many articles of food increased in August, but in most cities beef prices showed declines. A report to-day by the Bureau of Labor Statistics listed

ncreases as follows: tatoes and raisins, 4 per cent,; evapodigir, 2 per cent; canned salmon, cloomargarine, cheese, bread, macaroni and oranges, 1 per cent.; ham, nutmarga-

\$12,000 RADIUM TUBE LOST. Vanishes Down Drainpipe While the North Dakota lignite mines.

CHICAGO, Nov. 18 .- Dr. Henry Schmitz reported to-day that a tube of mines, production throughout the drainpipe, while being used in the treatment of a patient. The loss was pro-

WASHINGTON, Nov. 15-While the Cabinet was meeting in the executive agreement by the operators and

offices of the White House this morning. President Wilson again was wheeled out in the sunshine for half an hour.

An embargo on all freight on the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railroad between Chicago and the VOTED DOWN BY W. C. T. U. Pacific Coast has been in effect store Saturday. Forty more trains were Convention, However, Decides to annulled on that system yesterday. making a total of 106 on all roads

since the start of the coal strike. If Director General Hines approves ST. LOUIS, Nov. 18.—The policy of the recommendations of his regional A nation-wide embargo en

freight. A 40 per cent, cut in passenger train service throughout the

Closing down of all non-essential industries. Fifteen million workmen thrown

out of employment. "The situation is extremely serious and immediate action is necessary." said P. H. Aishton, Regional Director of the Northwestern Roads. "The railroads are vital to the business life of the nation and they must be kept

bargo is the only way to meet the emergency." Only from jen to twelve days' supply of fuel to-day was available for railroads of the Central Western region, according to F. E. Clarity, as-

Besides Mr. Aishton, the other directors who were to meet Mr. Hines upon his arrival here were: Hale Holden, Central Western Region; A. Eggs and rice, 6 per cent, each; po- T. Hardin, Eastern; L. W. Baldwin, Allegheny; B. F. Bush, Southwestern; B. F. Winchell, Southern, and N. D.

TION OF MINES.

Extensive mining properties in Kansas to-day were in the hands of receivers to be operated by the State and proceedings had been requested against Ohlo mines that would bring them under State control, along with

Except for North Dakota. Wyoming and some Alabama and West Virginia country was reported as not bettered since the initial day of the walkout. The workers generally were said to be disregarding the strike recall order President of the United Mine Work-President Again on White House ers of America, under order of the Federal Court, and to be awaiting an

miners' leaders at Washington. Meanwhile, the situation in the to the south lawn, where he remained! Tennessee-Kentucky mines where many of the union workers had re-